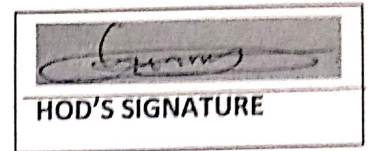




**ELIZADE UNIVERSITY, ILARA-MOKIN,
ONDO STATE, NIGERIA
DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

2017/2018 ACADEMIC SESSION



COURSE: MEE 304: Engineering Drawing
(Computer Aided Design) (3 Units)
CLASS: 300 Level Mechanical & Automotive Engineering

TIME ALLOWED: 2½ hours

INSTRUCTIONS: Answer any four questions
Unless otherwise stated, all dimensions are in mm

Date: July/August, 2018

Question 1

- a) Describe *Solid Modeling* as a Geometric Modeling technique and highlight five inherent mathematical properties it should capture
- b) Use Figures Q1a and b to illustrate the difference between *Geometry* and *Topology*

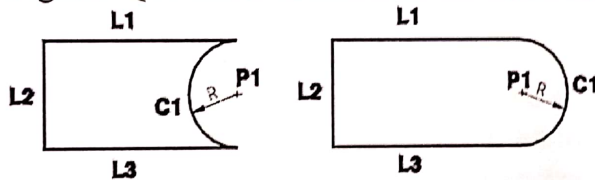


Figure Q1a

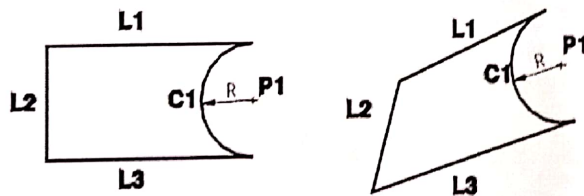


Figure Q1b

- c) Explain the functions of each of the following Geometric Constraints used in PTC Creo Parametric Sketcher



Question 2

Describe how you will model and assemble the wheel support assembly of Figure Q2 using Pro/E

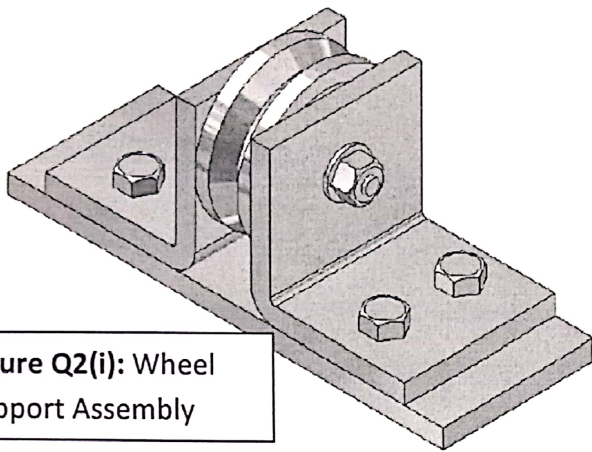


Figure Q2(i): Wheel Support Assembly

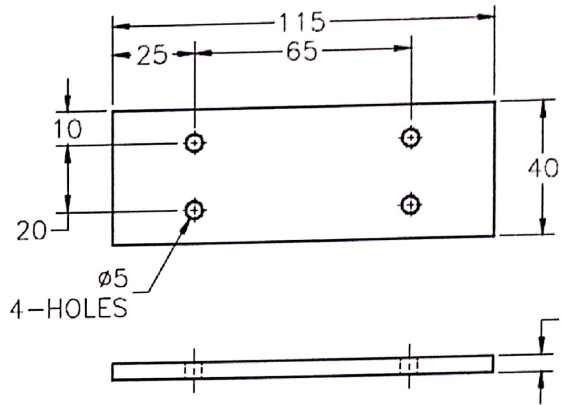


Figure Q2(ii): Dimensions of the base

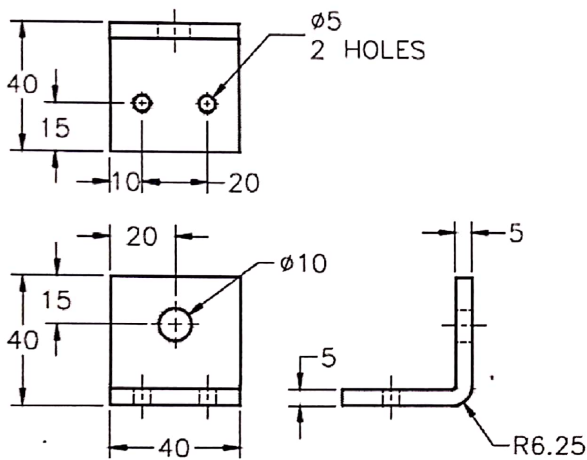


Figure Q2(iii): Dimensions of the support

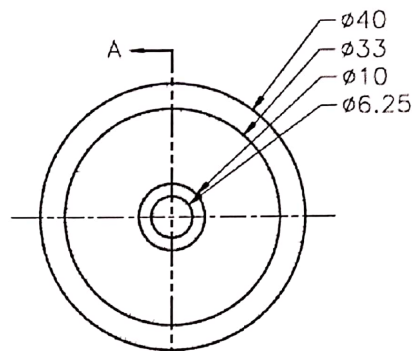


Figure Q2(iv): Front view of the wheel

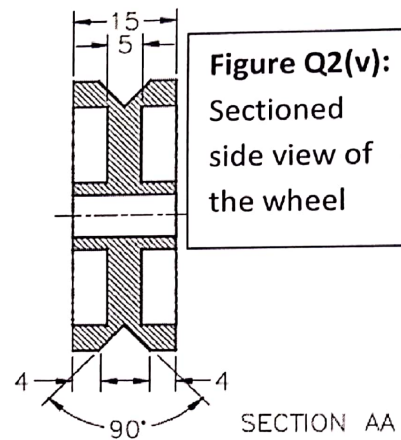
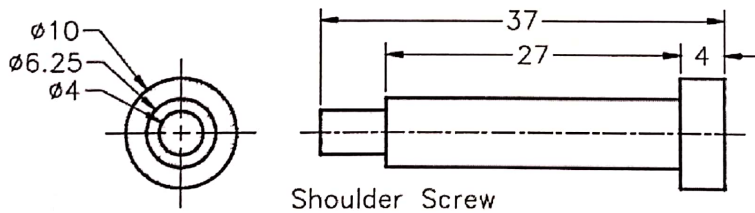
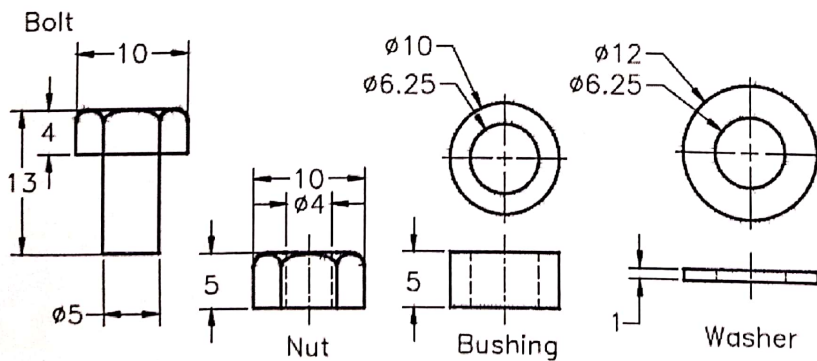


Figure Q2(v): Sectioned side view of the wheel



Shoulder Screw

Figure Q2(vi): Dimensions of the Shoulder Screw; Bolt, Nut, Bushing and Washer



Question 3

- a) (i) State and describe the three basic PTC Creo design modes
 (ii) State the full meaning of the following Computer-Aided Technologies:
 - CADD - CAQA - CAST - CIM - CAE
- b) Explain the following terms in Pro/E
 i) Constraints ii) Driving and Driven Dimensions iii) Pattern iv) Relation
 v) Weak and Strong Dimensions
- c) Without recourse to the actual dimensions of the component parts, **briefly** describe the steps you will follow to **model** and **assemble** the open box shown in Figure Q3 using PTC Creo

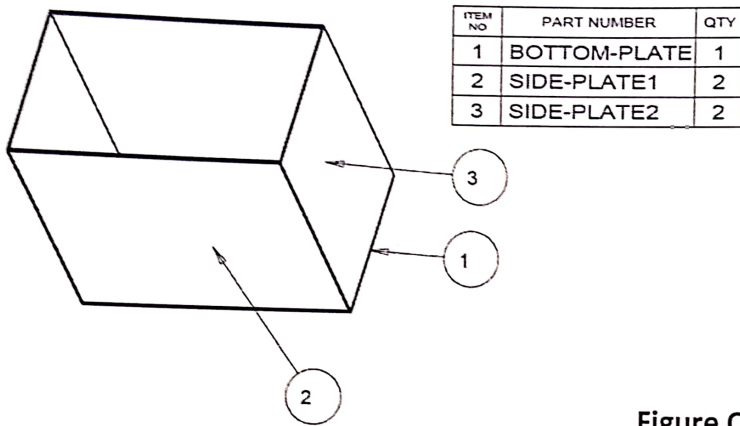


Figure Q3: Model of an Open Box

Question 4

- a) To properly utilize CAD, the engineer must have an in-depth knowledge of the Design process. Compare Shigley Model with Pahl and Beitz Model of design process.
- b) PTC Creo Parametric is said to be a 'conglomerate' of many CAE units performing one engineering design/analysis or the other. State four of such units
- c) Discuss the following terminologies in PTC Creo
 i) Erase-Not-Displayed ii) File Iterations iii) Working Directory iv) File in Session
- d) Without necessarily giving attention to the detailed dimensions provided, describe how you will model the bucket shown in Figure Q4 using Pro/E

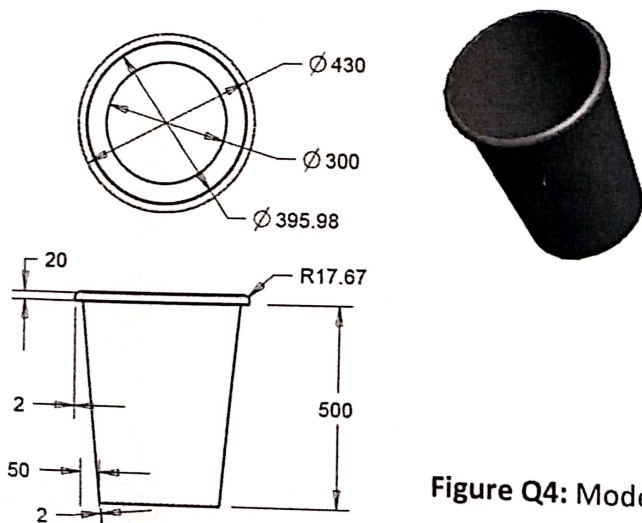


Figure Q4: Model of a Bucket

Question 5

- a) (i) List three Parametric Design Software
 (ii) Explain what it means for a design software to be parametric
- b) List five (5) CAD/CAM activities sharing a common database
- c) When in *Assembly Mode* of ProE, explain the following:
 - (i) No Constraint (ii) Packaged (iii) Use of *Default* constraint
- d) The various design related tasks which are performed by the CAD system can be grouped into four functional areas. List them.

Question 6

- a. Discuss *Forward* and *Reverse* Engineering
- b. Differentiate between the different geometric modeling techniques depicted in Figure Q6b

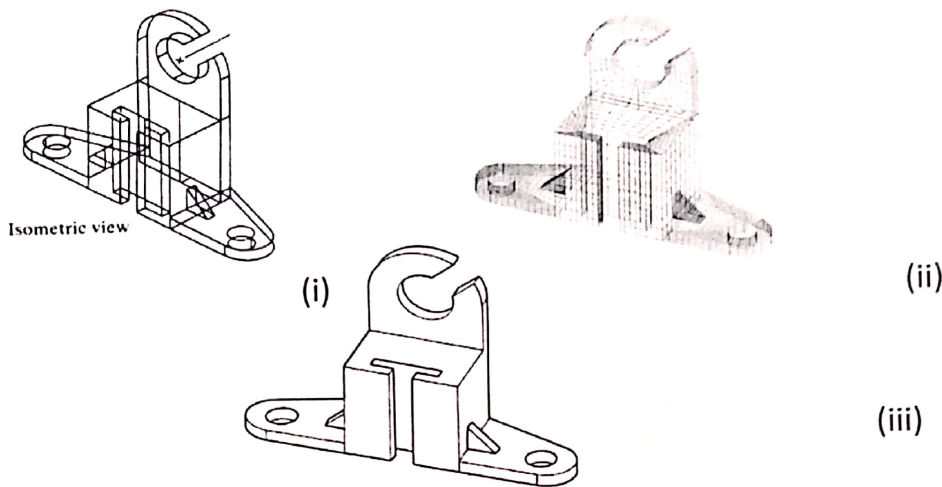


Figure Q6b: Geometric Modeling Techniques

- c. i) Differentiate between First and Third Angle Projections
- ii) Identify which Angle Projections were used to model Figures Q6c(ii-1) and c(ii-2).
 Sketch the symbol for each projection type

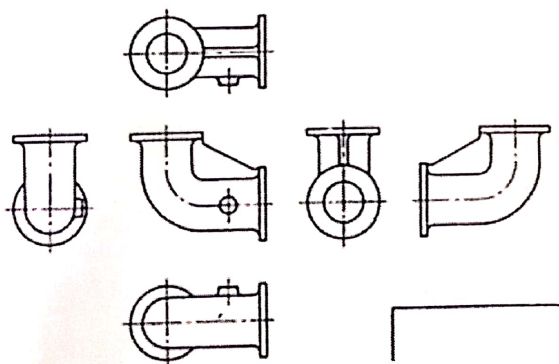


Figure Q6c(ii-1)

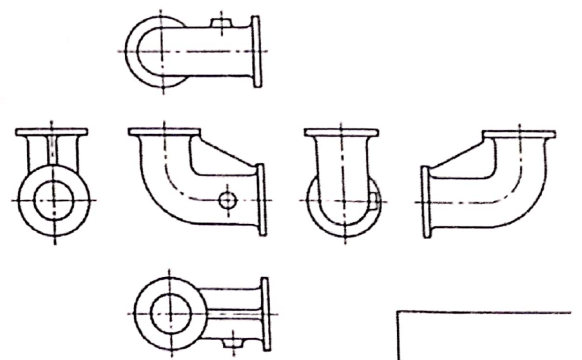


Figure Q6c(ii-2)

- d. Write five benefits which a CAD system offers to the design engineer